

Complete Lesson Transcript – Lesson 396 [English]

Kirin: [Chinese Learn Online lesson 396](#) .

[Hello everyone](#) , I am Teacher Yang .

Raphael: [Hello everyone](#) , I am Teacher Lai .

Adam: And hello, I' m Adam.

Kirin: [Welcome to our learning Chinese course](#) .

Raphael: [The country we are going to introduce today is India](#) . Let' s first listen to the new words that will appear in the article .

Kirin: [Delhi](#) .

Adam: New Delhi, the capital of India.

Kirin: [Religion](#) .

Adam: Religion.

Kirin: [Civilization](#) .

Adam: Civilization.

Kirin: [Dance](#) .

Adam: Dance.

Kirin: [Unforgettable](#) .

Adam: Unforgettable.

Kirin: [Delicacy](#) .

Adam: Culinary or delicacy.

Kirin: [Spice](#) .

Adam: Spice or flavoring.

Kirin: In the future .

Adam: In the future.

Raphael: Let' s first listen to today' s article at a normal speed .

Kirin: India is South Asia' s biggest country , the capital is New Delhi . The area is more than 3 287 000 square kilometers , which is 7th largest in the world . India is also the country with the second biggest population in the world , altogether there are 1 100 000 000 people . There are many different ethnic groups in India , and it is also called “ a museum of ethnic groups . ” Each ethnic group has its own language . In India there are 22 languages that are often used , the one that most people speak is Hindi , but English is also very popular in India , especially in southern India . India is a country with many religions , this makes India become a more cultural , and artistic country . India is one of the world' s four big civilization countries . Indian music and dance is also unforgettable for many people . But something else that you shouldn' t miss out on is India' s delicacies . Indians are used to adding different spices to their foods , to increase the flavor of the food . India is currently one of the world' s countries with the fastest growing economy . Apart from it having a large land mass and population , there is an abundance of natural resources , that can help and increase the competitive conditions India has with other countries , and attract large international companies to come and invest in India . It is believed that in the upcoming future , the India that we see will develop in many aspects .

Raphael: Let' s listen again to this article at a slowed down speed .

Kirin: India is South Asia' s biggest country , the capital is New Delhi . The area is more than 3 287 000 square kilometers , which is 7th largest in the world . India is also the country with the second biggest population in the world , altogether there are 1 100 000 000 people . There are many different ethnic groups in India , and it is also called “ a museum of ethnic groups . ” Each ethnic group has its own language . In India there are 22 languages that are often used , the one that most people speak is Hindi , but English is also very popular in India , especially in southern India . India is a country with many religions , this makes India become a more cultural , and artistic country . India is one of the world' s four big civilization countries . Indian music and dance is also unforgettable for many people . But something else that you shouldn' t miss out on is India' s delicacies . Indians are used to adding different spices to their foods , to increase the flavor of the food . India is currently one of the world' s countries with the fastest growing economy . Apart from it having a large



land mass and population , there is an abundance of natural resources , that can help and increase the competitive conditions India has with other countries , and attract large international companies to come and invest in India . It is believed that in the upcoming future , the India that we see will develop in many aspects .

Raphael: Our premium subscribers can visit our website chineselearnonline.com to see the English translation of this lesson , as well as do more practice .

Kirin: See you next time .