

Lesson 372

Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:

中国也叫做中国大陆
Zhōngguó yě jiào zuò Zhōngguó dàl
China is also called mainland China

或是中华人民共和国
Huòshì Zhōnghuá Rénmín Gònghéguó
Or the People's Republic of China

在亚洲的东部
Zài Yàzhōu de dōng bù
And is located in Eastern Asia

首都是北京
Shǒudū shì Běijīng
It's capital is Beijing

面积是九百六十万平方公里
Miànjī shì jiǔ bǎi liù shí wàn píngfāng
gōnglǐ
It's area is 9600000 square kilometers

是世界上第三大的国家
Shì shìjiè shàng dì sān dà de guójiā
And is the world's third largest country

中国一直是世界上人口最多的国家
Zhōngguó yīzhí shì shìjiè shàng rénkǒu
zuì duō de guójiā
China continues to be the country with the
biggest population in the world

目前的人口是十三亿多
Mùqián de rénkǒu shì shí sān yì duō
With a current population of 1300000000
people

Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:

中國也叫做中國大陸
Zhōngguó yě jiào zuò Zhōngguó dàl
China is also called mainland China

或是中華人民共和國
Huòshì Zhōnghuá Rénmín Gònghéguó
Or the People's Republic of China

在亞洲的東部
Zài Yàzhōu de dōng bù
And is located in Eastern Asia

首都是北京
Shǒudū shì Běijīng
It's capital is Beijing

面積是九百六十萬平方公里
Miànjī shì jiǔ bǎi liù shí wàn píngfāng
gōnglǐ
It's area is 9600000 square kilometers

是世界上第三大的國家
Shì shìjiè shàng dì sān dà de guójiā
And is the world's third largest country

中國一直是世界上人口最多的國家
Zhōngguó yīzhí shì shìjiè shàng rénkǒu
zuì duō de guójiā
China continues to be the country with the
biggest population in the world

目前的人口是十三億多
Mùqián de rénkǒu shì shí sān yì duō
With a current population of 1300000000
people

Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:

长江和黄河是中国最长的河
Chángjiāng hé Huánghé shì Zhōngguó zui
cháng de hé
The Yangtze and Yellow rivers are the
largest rivers in China

这两条河对中国人这五千年的生活
Zhè liǎng tiáo hé duì Zhōngguó rén zhè wǔ
qiā nián de shēnghuó
During the past 5000 years of living in
China, these two rivers

历史以及文化的发展有很重要的影响
Lìshǐ yǐjí wénhuà de fāzhǎn yǒu hěn
zhòngyào de yǐngxiǎng
Have had an important influence on
Chinese history as well as cultural
development

中国社会重视家庭关系
Zhōngguó shèhuì zhòngshì jiātīng guānxi
Chinese society attaches great importance
to family relations

比如说在做决定的时候
Bǐrú shuō zài zuò juéding de shíhòu
For example, when making a decision

通常孩子都应该先跟父母讨论
Tōngcháng hái zi dōu yīnggāi xiān gēn
fùmǔ tāolùn
Childrens should normally first discuss it
with their parents

以及尊重其他家人的想法
Yǐjí zūnzhòng qítā jiārén de xiǎngfǎ
As well as respect the opinions of other
family members

Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:

長江和黃河是中國最長的河
Chángjiāng hé Huánghé shì Zhōngguó zui
cháng de hé
The Yangtze and Yellow rivers are the
largest rivers in China

這兩條河對中國人這五千年的生活
Zhè liǎng tiáo hé duì Zhōngguó rén zhè wǔ
qiā nián de shēnghuó
During the past 5000 years of living in
China, these two rivers

歷史以及文化的發展有很重要的影響
Lìshǐ yǐjí wénhuà de fāzhǎn yǒu hěn
zhòngyào de yǐngxiǎng
Have had an important influence on
Chinese history as well as cultural
development

中國社會重視家庭關係
Zhōngguó shèhuì zhòngshì jiātīng guānxi
Chinese society attaches great importance
to family relations

比如說在做決定的時候
Bǐrú shuō zài zuò juéding de shíhòu
For example, when making a decision

通常孩子都應該先跟父母討論
Tōngcháng hái zi dōu yīnggāi xiān gēn
fùmǔ tāolùn
Childrens should normally first discuss it
with their parents

以及尊重其他家人的想法
Yǐjí zūnzhòng qítā jiārén de xiǎngfǎ
As well as respect the opinions of other
family members

Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:

这样的传统文化也影响到附近的国家
Zhè yàng de chuántǒng wénhuà yě
yǐngxiǎng dào fùjìn de guójiā
This type of traditional culture also
influences countries nearby

中国是茶的故乡
Zhōngguó shì chá de gùxiāng
China is the birthplace of tea

而且制造久的历史也有好长的一段时间
了
Érqiě zhìzào jiǔ de lìshǐ yě yǒu hǎo cháng
de yī duàn shíjiān le
And also has a long history of producing
alcohol

在很多庆祝活动跟场合都会用到酒
Zài hěnduō qìngzhù huódòng gēn chǎnghé
dōu huì yòng dào jiǔ
Alcohol is used in many celebratory
activities and occasions

说到中国
Shuō dào Zhōngguó
When you speak of China

不少人会直接想到万里长城
Bù shǎo rén jiù huì zhíjiē xiǎng dào Wànlǐ
Chángchéng
Many people directly think of the Great
Wall of China

每年都吸引几百万的外国观光客到长城
去参观
Měi nián dōu xīyǐn jǐ bǎi wàn de wàiguó
guānguāngkè dào chángchéng qù cānguān
Every year, millions of foreign tourists are
attracted to the Great Wall

Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:

這樣的傳統文化也影響到附近的國家
Zhè yàng de chuántǒng wénhuà yě
yǐngxiǎng dào fùjìn de guójiā
This type of traditional culture also
influences countries nearby

中國是茶的故鄉
Zhōngguó shì chá de gùxiāng
China is the birthplace of tea

而且製造酒的歷史也有好長的一段時間
了
Érqiě zhìzào jiǔ de lìshǐ yě yǒu hǎo cháng
de yī duàn shíjiān le
And also has a long history of producing
alcohol

在很多慶祝活動跟場合都會用到酒
Zài hěnduō qìngzhù huódòng gēn chǎnghé
dōu huì yòng dào jiǔ
Alcohol is used in many celebratory
activities and occasions

說到中國
Shuō dào Zhōngguó
When you speak of China

不少人就會直接想到萬里長城
Bù shǎo rén jiù huì zhíjiē xiǎng dào Wànlǐ
Chángchéng
Many people directly think of the Great
Wall of China

每年都吸引幾百萬的外國觀光客到長城
去參觀
Měi nián dōu xīyǐn jǐ bǎi wàn de wàiguó
guānguāngkè dào chángchéng qù cānguān
Every year, millions of foreign tourists are
attracted to the Great Wall

Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:

由于首都北京二〇〇八年
Yóuyú shǒudū Běijīng èr líng líng bā nián
Due to the capital Beijing in 2008

举办了奥运会的关系
Jǔbàn le Àoyùnhuì de guānxi
Being able to host the Olympics

让中国的经济有更多发展的机会
Ràng Zhōngguó de jīngjì yǒu gèng duō
fāzhǎn de jīhuì
The Chinese economy has seen more
opportunities to expand

现在到中国除了参观长城跟历史景点以
外
Xiànzài dào Zhōngguó chūle cānguān
chángchéng gēn lìshǐ jǐngdiǎn yǐwài
Nowadays in China, apart from visiting
the Great Wall and historic sites

举办奥运会的地方也是值得参观的好地
方
Jǔbàn Àoyùnhuì de dìfāng yě shì zhídé
cānguān de hǎo dìfāng
Places that had Olympic events are also
worth visiting

大陆
dàlù
Continent / Mainland China

中华人民共和国
Zhōnghuá Rénmín Gònghéguó
The People's Republic of China

长江
Chángjiāng
Changjiang river

Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:

由於首都北京二〇〇八年
Yóuyú shǒudū Běijīng èr líng líng bā nián
Due to the capital Beijing in 2008

舉辦了奧運會的關係
Jǔbàn le Àoyùnhuì de guānxi
Being able to host the Olympics

讓中國的經濟有更多發展的機會
Ràng Zhōngguó de jīngjì yǒu gèng duō
fāzhǎn de jīhuì
The Chinese economy has seen more
opportunities to expand

現在到中國除了參觀長城跟歷史景點以
外
Xiànzài dào Zhōngguó chūle cānguān
chángchéng gēn lìshǐ jǐngdiǎn yǐwài
Nowadays in China, apart from visiting
the Great Wall and historic sites

舉辦奧運會的地方也是值得參觀的好地
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Jǔbàn Àoyùnhuì de dìfāng yě shì zhídé
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Places that had Olympic events are also
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大陸
dàlù
Continent / Mainland China

中華人民共和國
Zhōnghuá Rénmín Gònghéguó
The People's Republic of China

長江
Chángjiāng
Changjiang river

Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:

黄河
Huánghé
Yellow river

重视
zhòngshì
To attach importance to something

以及
yǐjí
As well as

故乡
gùxiāng
Homeland / Native place

万里长城
Wànlǐ Chángchéng
The Great Wall

观光客
guānguāngkè
Tourist

举办
jǔbàn
To hold / conduct

陆
lù
Land / Continent

江
jiāng
River

Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:

黃河
Huánghé
Yellow river

重視
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To attach importance to something

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萬里長城
Wànlǐ Chángchéng
The Great Wall

觀光客
guānguāngkè
Tourist

舉辦
jǔbàn
To hold / conduct

陸
lù
Land / Continent

江
jiāng
River

Lesson 372 Notes :

1. China is made up of 22 provinces, 5 autonomous regions, 4 municipalities and 2 Self Administrative Regions (Hong Kong and Macau). **Dàlù** usually refers to China, excluding Hong Kong and Macau.

Dàlù 大陆 / 大陸 Continent / Mainland China

2. Note how China's official title is **Zhōnghuá Rénmín Gònghéguó** , which differs from Taiwan, which goes by **Zhōnghuá mín guó** .

Zhōnghuá Rénmín Gònghéguó

中华人民共和国 / 中華人民共和國

The People's Republic of China

Zhōnghuá mín guó 中华民国 / 中華民國 The Republic of China

3. Notice how **jǐ bǎi wàn** is used to say “a few million” in **Měi nián dōu xīyǐn jǐ bǎi wàn de wàiguó guānguāngkè dào chángchéng qù cānguān** .

jǐ bǎi wàn 几百万 / 幾百萬 a few million

Měi nián dōu xīyǐn jǐ bǎi wàn de wàiguó guānguāngkè dào chángchéng qù cānguān

每年都吸引几百万的外国观光客到长城去参观 /
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