



Lesson 324

Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:

建设
jiànshè
To build / construct

土地
tǔdì
Land

天然
tiānrán
Natural

公共
gōnggòng
Public

却
què
But / However

靠
kào
Depend upon / Lean on

基本上
jīběnshàng
Basically

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建設
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Lesson 324 Notes (Simplified / Traditional):

1. **Què** is similar in meaning to **kěshì** and **dànsì**, however it is not used as a conjunction like they are, as its position in the sentence is a little different:

Què 却 / 卻 but / however

kěshì 可是 / 可是 but / however

dànsì 但是 / 但是 but / however

a. **Nà wèishénme yǒuxiē guójia shuì de biāozhǔn hěn gāo , yǒu de què dī hěnduō ne ?**

那为什么有些国家税的标准很高，有的却低很多呢？ / 那為什麼有些國家稅的標準很高，有的卻低很多呢？

Now why do some countries have a high tax rate , but others are much lower ?

The literal meaning of this sentence is “In that case why some countries tax rate very high, some however lower a lot?”

b. **O, xiàng zhè yàng de qíngkuàng , nàxiē tiānrán zīyuán hěnduō kěshì què méiyǒu bānfǎ lìyòng de guójia , tāmen jīngjì fāzhǎn de sùdù kěnéng méiyǒu qítā guójia fāzhǎn de kuài , dànsì tāmen de zhèngfǔ kěnéng jiù huì kào mài zhèxiē tiānrán zīyuán zhuàn dào hěnduō qián .**

哦，像这样的情况，那些天然资源很多可是却没有办法利用的国家，他们经济发展的速度可能没有其他国家发展得快，但是他们的政府可能就会靠卖这些天然资源赚到很多钱。/

哦，像這樣的情況，那些天然資源很多可是卻沒有辦法利用的國家，他們經濟發展的速度可能沒有其他國家發展得快，但是他們的政府可能就會靠賣這些天然資源賺到很多錢。

Oh, in this type of situation , the natural resources are a lot, but there is no way for the country to use them , so the speed at which their economy develops might not be as fast as other countries , but their government might rely on making money from selling these natural resources .

For extra emphasis, you can combine **què** with a conjunction as seen in:

a. **Kěshì zài biéde guójia què yào zìjǐ fù .**

可是在别的国家却要自己付. / 可是在別的國家卻要自己付.

But in other countries you have to pay for it yourself .



b. O, xiàng zhè yàng de qíngkuàng , nàxiē tiānrán zīyuán hěnduō kěshì què méiyǒu bànfǎ lìyòng de guójia , tāmen jīngjì fāzhǎn de sùdù kěnéng méiyǒu qítā guójia fāzhǎn de kuài , dànshì tāmen de zhèngfǔ kěnéng jiù huì kào mài zhèxiē tiānrán zīyuán zhuàn dào hěnduō qián .

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哦，像這樣的情況，那些天然資源很多可是卻沒有辦法利用的國家，他們經濟發展的速度可能沒有其他國家發展得快，但是他們的政府可能就會靠賣這些天然資源賺到很多錢

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2. Note how **fā** which we learned recently is used to mean “distributed” in **En, zài wǒmen de shèhuì zhōng , yǒu hěnduō rén de xīnshuǐ dōu shì cōng zhèngfǔ nàlǐ fā chūqù de .**

fā 发 / 發 to hand out

En, zài wǒmen de shèhuì zhōng , yǒu hěnduō rén de xīnshuǐ dōu shì cōng zhèngfǔ nàlǐ fā chūqù de .

嗯，在我们的社会中，有很多人的薪水都是从政府那里发出去的/ 噢，在我們的社會中，有很多人的薪水都是從政府那裡發出去的

Umm, in our society , many people's salaries are distributed by the government there

3. **Fāngmiàn** is used a little differently than in English in: **Kěshì chúle rénmín zhuànqián fù de shuì , zhèngfǔ yě huì cóng biéde fāngmiàn shōu shuì .**

Fāngmiàn 方面/ 方面 Aspect

Kěshì chúle rénmín zhuànqián fù de shuì , zhèngfǔ yě huì cóng biéde fāngmiàn shōu shuì .

可是除了人民赚钱付的税，政府也会从别的方面收税 / 可是除了人民賺錢付的稅，政府也會從別的方面收稅

But apart from the taxes that people pay from the money they earn , governments also receive taxes from other areas