



Lesson 280

Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:

爬山	páshān	Hiking
雨衣	yǔyī	Raincoat
晒伤	shàishāng	Sunburn
防晒霜	fángshàishuāng	Suntan lotion
皮肤	pífū	Skin
晒太阳	shài tàiyáng	To get a suntan
散步	sàn bù	To go for a walk
晒	shài	to sunbathe
防	fáng	To protect / to defend

Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:

爬山	páshān	Hiking
雨衣	yǔyī	Raincoat
曬傷	shàishāng	Sunburn
防曬霜	fángshàishuāng	Suntan lotion
皮膚	pífū	Skin
曬太陽	shài tàiyáng	To get a suntan
散步	sàn bù	To go for a walk
曬	shài	to sunbathe
防	fáng	To protect / to defend



Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:

霜
shuāng
Frost

肤
fū
Skin

散
sàn
Scatter

健行
jiànxíng
To hike

Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:

霜
shuāng
Frost

膚
fū
Skin

散
sàn
Scatter

健行
jiànxíng
To hike

Lesson 280 Notes (Simplified / Traditional):

1. While **páshān** technically refers to mountain climbing, it is commonly used to refer to general hiking as well. The actual word for general hiking is **jiànxíng**.

páshān	爬山 / 爬山	hiking
jiànxíng	健行 / 健行	hiking

2. Note how **sǎn** is short for **yǔsǎn**.

Similarly **dàn** is used in place of **dànsì** in **dàn sànbù duì wǒmen yě shì yī zhǒng hěn hǎo de yùndòng**.

sǎn	伞 / 傘	umbrella
yǔsǎn	雨伞 / 雨傘	umbrella
dàn	但 / 但	but
dànsì	但是 / 但是	but



dàn sànbù duì wǒmen yě shì yī zhǒng hěn hǎo de yùndòng .

但散步对我们也是一种很好的运动 / 但散步對我們身體也是一種很好的運動.

going for a walk is still a good exercise for us .

3. To say the sun is very hot, we literally say the sun is very “big”, as seen in Nà rùguō tàiyang hěn dà , wǒmen de shēntǐ kěnéng huì zěn yàng ?

那如果太阳很大，我们的身体可能会怎样 / 那如果太陽很大，我們的身體可能會怎樣？

Now if the sun is very hot , how might our body react ?

4. The verb used to describe “rubbing” lotion is cā , as seen in Nà yàoshì fángshàishuāng méi cā hǎo , wǒmen shēnshàng de nǎge bùfèn huì shàishāng ne ? and Suoyǐ zuì hǎo de fāngfǎ jiù shì chū mén qián jiù yào bǎ fángshàishuāng cā hǎo .

cā 擦 / 擦 to wipe

Nà yàoshì fángshàishuāng méi cā hǎo , wǒmen shēnshàng de nǎge bùfèn huì shàishāng ne ?

那要是防晒霜没擦好，我们身上的哪个部分会晒伤呢？ / 那要是防曬霜沒擦好，我們身上的哪個部分會曬傷呢？

Now if you haven’t put on your sun tan lotion properly , what part of our body will get sunburned ?

Suoyǐ zuì hǎo de fāngfǎ jiù shì chū mén qián jiù yào bǎ fángshàishuāng cā hǎo

所以最好的方法就是出门前就要把防晒霜擦好 / 所以最好的方法就是出門前就要把防曬霜擦好.

So the best method is to put on suntan lotion before leaving the house .

5. Becoming “more black” is used to describe something becoming darker, as seen in yīnwèi tāmen xiāngyào ràng tāmen de pífū biàn hēi yīdiǎn .

yīnwèi tāmen xiāngyào ràng tāmen de pífū biàn hēi yīdiǎn

因为他们想要让他们的皮肤变黑一点 / 因為他們想要讓他們的皮膚變黑一點.

since they want their skin to become darker .



6. Technically **shài tàiyáng** refers to “tanning the sun”. The proper description should then be **bèi shài tàiyáng**.

shài tàiyáng 晒太阳 / 曬太陽 to get a suntan

bèi shài tàiyáng 被晒太阳 / 被曬太陽 to get suntanned

This is similar to how **shàishāng** is described and used in **Wǒ xiǎng yīnggāi méiyǒu rén xǐhuān bèi shàishāng ba**.

shàishāng 晒伤 / 曬傷 sunburn

Wǒ xiǎng yīnggāi méiyǒu rén xǐhuān bèi shàishāng ba.

我想应该没有人喜欢被晒伤吧 / 我想應該沒有人喜歡被曬傷吧

I don't think anyone likes to be sunburned

Yet it is common to omit the **bèi** and instead refer directly to **shài tàiyáng**, as seen in **Kěshì dàbùfèn de rén qù páshān**, **búshì wèile shài tàiyáng** and **Yàoshì xiǎng shài tàiyáng de huà**, **qù hǎibiān yīnggāi huì bǐjiào hǎo**.

bèi 被 / 被 passive voice particle

shài tàiyáng 晒太阳 / 曬太陽 to get a suntan

Kěshì dàbùfèn de rén qù páshān, **búshì wèile shài tàiyáng**

可是大部分的人去爬山，不是为了晒太阳 / 可是大部分的人去爬山，不是為了曬太陽

But when most people go hiking, it isn't to get a sun tan

Yàoshì xiǎng shài tàiyáng de huà, **qù hǎibiān yīnggāi huì bǐjiào hǎo**.

要是想晒太阳的话，去海边应该会比较好 / 要是想曬太陽的話，去海邊應該會比較好

If you they want to get a sun tan, it would probably be better to go to the seaside