

Lesson 245

Vocabulary Summary: Simplified: Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:

变成 變成

Biànchéng Biànchéng

To transfer / Change into

改成 改成 Găichéng Găichéng

To correct / Alter into

To correct / Alter into

看成 看成 Kànchéng Kànchéng A visual change

想成 想成 Xiǎngchéng Xiǎngchéng

To change your thinking

To change your thinking



Lesson 245 Notes (Simplified / Traditional)

1. As mentioned in the lesson, chéng is a post verb that can be appended to many verbs to form new meanings. Many of the examples in the lesson use a sentence pattern of bă and chéng together.

chéng 成/成 change

- **2.** Notice how the Chinese in these examples is a lot more specific than the English meaning:
- a. Nǐ kěyǐ bāng wǒ bǎ cuò de dáàn gǎichéng duì de ma?

你可以帮我把错的答案改成对的吗?/你可以幫我把錯的答案改成對的嗎?

Can you correct the wrong answers for me?

b. Tāmen liǎngge zhǎng de tài xiàng le. Wǒ chángcháng bǎ gēge kànchéng dìdi.

他们两个长得太像了. 我常常把哥哥看成弟弟 / 他們兩個長得太像了. 我常常把哥哥看成弟弟.

The two of them look too similar. I often confuse the older brother with the younger one

c. Mèimei měi cì dōu bă wǔ kuài kànchéng shí kuài.

妹妹每次都把五块看成十块./妹妹每次都把五塊看成十塊.

Every time, my sister thinks 5 dollars is 10 dollars

d. Yīnwèi tā hěn xǐhuān chànggē, suǒyǐ tā chángcháng bǎ zìjǐ xiǎngchéng shì gēxīng

因为他很喜欢唱歌,所以他常常把自己想成是歌星./因為他很喜歡唱歌,所以他常常把自己想成是歌星.

Since he really likes to sing, he often thinks of himself as a singer.