

## Lesson 204

### Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:

前天  
Qiántiān  
The day before yesterday

后天  
Hòutiān  
The day after tomorrow

一会儿  
Yīhuìr  
A moment

日出  
Rìchū  
Sunrise

日落  
Rìluò  
Sunset

半夜  
Bànyè  
Midnight

总是  
Zǒngshì  
Always

从来没  
Cóngláiméi  
Never

前几天  
Qián jǐ tiān  
A few days ago

几年前  
Jǐ nián qián  
A few years ago

### Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:

前天  
Qiántiān  
The day before yesterday

後天  
Hòutiān  
The day after tomorrow

一會兒  
Yīhuìr  
A moment

日出  
Rìchū  
Sunrise

日落  
Rìluò  
Sunset

半夜  
Bànyè  
Midnight

總是  
Zǒngshì  
Always

從來沒  
Cóngláiméi  
Never

前幾天  
Qián jǐ tiān  
A few days ago

幾年前  
Jǐ nián qián  
A few years ago

## 204 Notes ( Simplified / Traditional):

1. While we have taught [língwài](#) in the past, it is being in a different context in:

[Wǒmen huì xiān fùxí yīxiē gēn shíjiān yǒu guānxì de dān zì , língwài wǒmen yě huì jiāo nǐmen yīxiē shēngzì .](#)

我们会先复习一些跟时间有关系的单字，另外我们也会教你们一些生字 /

我們會先復習一些跟時間有關係的單字，另外我們也會教你們一些生字

We are going to first review some words related to time , then we will teach you some new words

[língwài](#)                                      另外 / 另外                                      another

2. You can see how [yīxià](#) can be tacked on to many actions to indicate performing it for a short instance as in:

<a href="#">Děng yīxià .</a>	等一下 / 等一下	Wait a moment
<a href="#">Wǒ kàn yīxià .</a>	我看一下 / 我看一下	Let me look for a moment
<a href="#">Tīng yīxià</a>	听一下 / 聽一下	Let me listen for a moment

3. [Shāo děng yīxià](#) is a more polite way of saying [Děng yīxià](#) and is commonly used in situations where you have to wait for service.

[Shāo děng yīxià](#)                                      稍等一下 / 稍等一下                                      Wait a moment

4. In some regions of China, you may hear [Děng yīhuìr](#) which has the same meaning as [Děng yīxià](#) .

[Děng yīhuìr](#)                                      等一会儿 / 等一會兒                                      Wait a moment

5. Since the sun is closely related to the time of day, the word [rì](#) shares the meaning of “day” and “sun.”

[rì](#)    日 / 日    sun / day

6. Zhǒngwǔ and Bànàyè differ slightly from their English counterparts as they refer to a two hour time period of 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 11 p.m. to 1 a.m. respectively.

Zhǒngwǔ    中午 / 中午    Noon time

Bànàyè    半夜 / 半夜    Midnight

7. Asking “how often” is usually done in a more specific manner as seen in:

Nǐ hěn cháng qù nà jiā cāntīng chīfàn ma ?

你很常去那家餐厅吃饭吗? / 你很常去那家餐廳吃飯嗎?

Do you often eat at that restaurant?