

Complete Lesson Transcript – Lesson 199 [Pinyin]

Kirin: Shàngwǎng xué Zhōngwén dì yī bǎi jiǔ shí jiǔ kè .

Dàjiā hǎo , wǒ shì Kirin .

Raphael: Dàjiā hǎo , wǒ shì Raphael .

Adam: And hello, I'm Adam.

Kirin: Huānyíng lái dào Táiwan gēn wǒmen yīqǐ xuéxí gèng jìn yí bù de Zhōngwén kèchéng . Wǒmen jīntiān yào xué de shì shénme ne ?

Raphael: Jīntiān wǒmen yào tāolùn de shì shíjiān .

Kirin: Shíjiān de nǎge bùfēn ?

Raphael: Bǐrú shuō , zuótiān , jīntiān , gēn míngtiān , zhè sānge shíjiān yǒu shénme bù yīyàng ?

Kirin: A , nǐ shuō de shì shítài .

Adam: Tenses

Raphael: Duì , zài yīngwén gēn yīxiē qítā de yǔyán , wǒmen yòng dòngcí de shíhòu , yào kàn shì zài nǎ yīge shítài , ránhòu bīxū yòng nǎ yīge dòngcí . Kěshì zhōngwén bǐjiào jiǎndān , yīnwèi yòng de dòngcí gēn shítài méiyǒu guānxì .

Kirin: Nà wǒmen zěnme zhīdào wǒmen shuō de shìqíng shì zài nǎ yīge shítài ?

Raphael: Zhè jiù shì wǒmen jīntiān yào shàng de kè . Nà wǒmen yào jiāo nǐmen de dì yī zhǒng shítài shì

Kirin: Guòqùshì .

Adam: Literally that's "across go type," or "past tense".

Kirin: Guòqùshì .

Raphael: Suǒyǐ wǒmen zěnme zhīdào yīge jùzi shì zài jiǎng guòqù de shìqíng ?

Kirin: Tōngcháng wǒmen huì jiā yīge le .

Raphael: Duì , bǐrú shuō

Kirin: Wǒ chīfàn le .

Adam: I have eaten.

Raphael: Kěshì wǒmen zài jiǎng guòqù de shìqíng , wǒmen bú yòng měi yīcì dōu jiā le .
Bǐrú shuō

Kirin: Wǒ zuótiān qù kàn wǒde péngyǒu .

Adam: I went to see my friend yesterday.

Raphael: Nà wǒmen zěnmē zhīdào zhège jùzi shì guòqù fāshēng de shìqíng ?

Kirin: Yīnwèi jùzi límian yǒu shuō dào zuótiān .

Raphael: Duì , suǒyǐ rúguǒ shì guòqù de shíhòu , nǐ dōu huì kàndào le , huòshì yīxiē
xíngróng guòqù shíjiān de dānzì . Bǐrú shuō, qù nián , shàngge xīngqī , qián jǐ tiān
děng děng . Ránhòu jīntiān de xià yīge shítài shì

Kirin: Xiànzàishì .

Adam: Present tense

Raphael: Ràng wǒmen lái kàn yīxià xiànzàishì de jùzi .

Kirin: Wǒ chīfàn .

Adam: I eat.

Kirin: Wǒ zài chīfàn .

Adam: I am eating.

Raphael: Xiànzàishì yīnggāi bǐjiào jiǎndān , suǒyǐ wǒmen bú yòng huā hěnduō shíjiān
lái jiěshì . Zuìhòu wǒmen yǒu

Kirin: Wèiláishì

Adam: Future tense

Raphael: Yào gèng liǎojiě wèiláishì , wǒmen jiù kàn yīxiē jùzi ba .

Kirin: Wǒ yào chīfàn .

Adam: I am going to eat. Note that the yào here also can mean “want”; so depending on context, this could also mean “I want to eat.”

Kirin: Wǒ yào chīfàn le .

Adam: I am going to eat.

Raphael: Nà wǒ yào chīfàn gēn wǒ yào chīfàn le yǒu shénme bù yīyàng ?

Adam: Good question. Here the le signifies a change in situation. So by adding the le we know that the speaker wants to eat now, but didn't want to eat previously.

Kirin: Wǒ huì chīfàn .

Adam: I will eat. Note that depending on context, huì can also measure an ability, so this could also mean “I can eat.”

Raphael: Jiēxiàlái , yǒuxiē dānzi kěyǐ xíngróng guòqùshì gēn wèiláishì . Bǐrú shuō

Kirin: Wǒ zuìjìn hěn máng .

Adam: I've been busy recently.

Kirin: Wǒ zuìjìn huì hěn máng .

Adam I will be busy in the near future.

Raphael: Zài zhè yī kè de huìyuán bùfēn , wǒmen huì gěi nǐmen yīxiē liànxí de wèntí .
Nǐmen kěyǐ shì kàn kàn nǐmen huì bú huì yòng zhōngwén de shítài .

Kirin: Nǐmen jìxù jiāyóu !