

**Lesson 191**

**Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:**

段  
Duàn  
Section

文章  
Wénzhāng  
Article

一段文章  
Yī duàn wénzhāng  
An article

世界  
Shìjiè  
World

山  
Shān  
Mountain

河  
Hé  
River

历史  
Lìshǐ  
History

北京  
Běijīng  
Beijing

上海  
Shànghǎi  
Shanghai

**Vocabulary Summary: Traditional**

段  
Duàn  
Section

文章  
Wénzhāng  
Article

一段文章  
Yī duàn wénzhāng  
An article

世界  
Shìjiè  
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History

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Beijing

上海  
Shànghǎi  
Shanghai

**Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:**

香港  
Xiānggǎng  
Hong Kong

长城  
Chángchéng  
The Great Wall (of Chian)

奥运会  
Àoyùnhuì  
The Olympics

越来越  
Yuèlái yuè  
More and more

在亚洲中国是最大的国家  
Zài Yàzhōu Zhōngguó shì zuì dà de guójiā  
In Asia, China is the biggest country

在那里，你可以看到世界上最高的山  
Zài nàlǐ, nǐ kěyǐ kàndào shìjiè shàng zuì gāo de shān  
There, you can see the tallest mountains in the world

还有亚洲最长的河  
Háiyǒu Yàzhōu zuì cháng de hé  
As well as the longest river in Asia

另外，中国的文化已经有五千多年的历史了  
Lìngwài, Zhōngguó de wénhuà yǐjīng yǒu wǔ qiān duō nián de lìshǐ le  
As well, Chinese culture has more than 5000 years of history

**Vocabulary Summary: Traditional**

香港  
Xiānggǎng  
Hong Kong

長城  
Chángchéng  
The Great Wall (of Chian)

奧運會  
Àoyùnhuì  
The Olympics

越來越  
Yuèlái yuè  
More and more

在亞洲中國是最大的國家  
Zài Yàzhōu Zhōngguó shì zuì dà de guójiā  
In Asia, China is the biggest country

在那裡，你可以看到世界上最高的山  
Zài nàlǐ, nǐ kěyǐ kàndào shìjiè shàng zuì gāo de shān  
There, you can see the tallest mountains in the world

還有亞洲最長的河  
Háiyǒu Yàzhōu zuì cháng de hé  
As well as the longest river in Asia

另外，中國的文化已經有五千多年的歷史了  
Lìngwài, Zhōngguó de wénhuà yǐjīng yǒu wǔ qiān duō nián de lìshǐ le  
As well, Chinese culture has more than 5000 years of history

**Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:**

在那里最有名的古迹就是长城  
Zài nǎlǐ zuì yǒumíng de gǔjī jiù shì  
chángchéng  
The most famous historic site there is the  
Great Wall

他是在中国的北边  
Tā shì zài Zhōngguó de běi biān  
It's in Northern China

而且也有两千五百多年的历史  
Érqiě yě yǒu liǎng qiān wǔ bǎi duō nián  
de lìshǐ  
As well it has 2500 years of history

接下来，中国的三大城市是北京，上  
海，跟香港  
Jiēxiàláí, Zhōngguó de sān dà chéngshì  
shì Běijīng, Shànghǎi, gēn Xiānggǎng  
Next, three of China's biggest cities are  
Beijing, Shanghai and HongKong

所以那边有很多有名而且好玩的地方  
Suǒyǐ nàbiān yǒu hěnduō yǒumíng érqiě  
hǎo wán de dìfang  
So there are many famous and fun places  
there

有兴趣的话你们可以到那边逛逛  
Yǒu xìngqù de huà nǐmen kěyǐ dào nàbiān  
guàng guàng  
If you are interested you can go shopping  
there

还有，你们知道吗  
Háiyǒu, nǐmen zhīdào ma  
As well, did you know

**Vocabulary Summary: Traditional**

在那裡最有名的古跡就是長城  
Zài nǎlǐ zuì yǒumíng de gǔjī jiù shì  
chángchéng  
The most famous historic site there is the  
Great Wall

他是在中國的北邊  
Tā shì zài Zhōngguó de běi biān  
It's in Northern China

而且也有兩千五百多年的歷史  
Érqiě yě yǒu liǎng qiān wǔ bǎi duō nián  
de lìshǐ  
As well it has 2500 years of history

接下來，中國的三大城市是北京，上  
海，跟香港  
Jiēxiàláí, Zhōngguó de sān dà chéngshì  
shì Běijīng, Shànghǎi, gēn Xiānggǎng  
Next, three of China's biggest cities are  
Beijing, Shanghai and HongKong

所以那邊有很多有名而且好玩的地方  
Suǒyǐ nàbiān yǒu hěnduō yǒumíng érqiě  
hǎo wán de dìfang  
So there are many famous and fun places  
there

有興趣的話你們可以到那邊逛逛  
Yǒu xìngqù de huà nǐmen kěyǐ dào nàbiān  
guàng guàng  
If you are interested you can go shopping  
there

還有，你們知道嗎  
Háiyǒu, nǐmen zhīdào ma  
As well, did you know

**Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:**

现在，有很多人中国人很兴奋  
Xiànzài, yǒu hěnduō zhōngguó rén hěn  
xīngfèn  
Right now, many Chinese people are very  
excited

因为二〇〇八年奥运会就在北京  
Yīnwèi èr líng líng bā nián àoyùnhuì jiù  
zài Běijīng  
Because the 2008 Olympics are in Beijing

到那时候，会有很多人去中国旅游  
Dào nà shíhòu, huì yǒu hěnduō rén qù  
Zhōngguó lǚyóu  
At that time, many people will go  
traveling to China

所以，如果你们也想去的话  
Suǒyǐ, rúguǒ nǐmen yě xiǎng qù de huà  
So if you also want to go

建议你们早一点订你们的机票跟旅馆  
Jiànyì nǐmen zǎo yīdiǎn dīng nǐmen de  
jīpiào gēn lǚguǎn  
I suggest that you book your plane tickets  
and hotels early

因为越晚订，价钱会越来越贵  
Yīnwèi yuè wǎn dīng, jiàqiánhui  
yuèlái yuè guì  
Since the later you book them, the more  
expensive the prices will become

奥  
ào  
Obscure

港  
gǎng  
Harbor

**Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:**

現在，有很多人中國人很興奮  
Xiànzài, yǒu hěnduō zhōngguó rén hěn  
xīngfèn  
Right now, many Chinese people are very  
excited

因為二〇〇八年奧運會就在北京  
Yīnwèi èr líng líng bā nián àoyùnhuì jiù  
zài Běijīng  
Because the 2008 Olympics are in Beijing

到那時候，會有很多人去中國旅遊  
Dào nà shíhòu, huì yǒu hěnduō rén qù  
Zhōngguó lǚyóu  
At that time, many people will go  
traveling to China

所以，如果你們也想去的話  
Suǒyǐ, rúguǒ nǐmen yě xiǎng qù de huà  
So if you also want to go

建議你們早一點訂你們的機票跟旅館  
Jiànyì nǐmen zǎo yīdiǎn dīng nǐmen de  
jīpiào gēn lǚguǎn  
I suggest that you book your plane tickets  
and hotels early

因為越晚訂，價錢會越來越貴  
Yīnwèi yuè wǎn dīng, jiàqiánhui  
yuèlái yuè guì  
Since the later you book them, the more  
expensive the prices will become

奧  
ào  
Obscure

港  
gǎng  
Harbor

**Vocabulary Summary: Simplified:**

界  
jiè  
Boundary

历  
lì  
to experience

史  
shǐ  
History

世  
shì  
World

越  
yuè  
To exceed

章  
zhāng  
Seal

**Vocabulary Summary: Traditional:**

界  
jiè  
Boundary

歷  
lì  
to experience

史  
shǐ  
History

世  
shì  
World

越  
yuè  
To exceed

章  
zhāng  
Seal

## 191 Notes (Simplified / Traditional)

1. In *Cóng zhèxiē shēngzì , nǐmen cāi de chū lái wǒmen jīntiān de wénzhāng gēn shénme yǒu guānxi ma ?* the *cāi de chū lái* literally means “guess comes out.”

*Cóng zhèxiē shēngzì*                      从这些生字 / 從這些生字      From these new words

*nǐmen cāi de chū lái wǒmen jīntiān de wénzhāng gēn shénme yǒu guānxi ma*

你们猜得出来我们今天的文章跟什麼有关係吗 / 你們猜得出來我們今天的文章跟什麼有關係嗎  
can you guess what our article today is related to

*cāi de chū lái*                      猜得出来 / 猜得出來                      to guess

2. The statement *Zài nàlǐ, nǐ kěyǐ kàndào shìjiè shàng zuì gāo de shān* can either refer to mountains, or a single mountain. Of course, the speaker could specifically refer to “a range” or the name of a single mountain if she wanted to be more specific. Similarly, *háiyǒu Yàzhōu zuì cháng de hé* could also refer to a single river or multiple rivers.

*Zài nàlǐ, nǐ kěyǐ kàndào shìjiè shàng zuì gāo de shān*

在那里，你可以看到世界上最高的山 / 在那裡，你可以看到世界上最高的山

There you can see the tallest mountains in the world

*háiyǒu Yàzhōu zuì cháng de hé*

还有亚洲最长的河 / 還有亞洲最長的河                      as well as the longest river in Asia

3. *Yuèlái yuè* can be used in front of any adjective to indicate progression, such as “more and more hot”, “more and more tall” etc.

*Yuèlái yuè*                      越来越 / 越來越                      More and more