

Complete Lesson Transcript – Lesson 154 [English]

Kirin: Chinese Learn Online lesson 154 .

Kirin: Hello everyone , I'm Kirin .

Raphael: Hello everyone , I'm Raphael .

Kirin: Welcome to Taiwan and our progressive course teaching Chinese . What are we studying today ?

Raphael: Today we are going to teach you Chinese related to seasons and weather .

Kirin: Hmm, what does “jìjié” (season) mean ?

Raphael: Ah, we have already taught you two seasons in the past .

Kirin: Have we ? Which two ?

Raphael: A while back , in lesson 52 , we taught you the words “dōngtiān” (winter) and “xiàtiān” (summer) . Do you remember what those were ?

Kirin: If they don't remember, what can they do ?

Raphael: They can go back and review lesson 52 .

Kirin: Ah, you're really smart !

Raphael: Thanks .

Kirin: So what about the other two seasons ?

Raphael: Ok, what comes after winter ?

Kirin: Spring .

Raphael: Right, in the spring season , the weather will begin to change from being cold to becoming a little hotter .

Kirin: Many people like spring , because when spring finishes , next will be summer .

Raphael: Right , like me for example, I prefer hot weather .

Kirin: So what about the last season ?

Raphael: When summer finishes , what comes next ?

Kirin: Autumn .

Raphael: Right during autumn , the weather will begin to change from being hot to becoming a little colder .

Kirin: So during autumn , many people begin to slowly take out their winter clothes .

Raphael: Right . Do you remember when we taught you “rè” (hot) and “lěng” cold ? Now we are going to teach you two new words .

Kirin: What are they ?

Raphael: Normally what character do we use to describe the autumn weather ?

Kirin: Cool .

Raphael: Right . Cool means to be a little bit cold , but not as cold as winter .

Kirin: And the other one ?

Raphael: Right now we already know , summer weather is hot , autumn is cool , winter is cold , what about spring ?

Kirin: Warm .

Raphael: Right . ”Wēnnuǎn” (warm) is the opposite of “liáng” (cool) . It’s a little hot , but not as hot as summer .

Kirin: Normally we use warm water to take a bath .

Raphael: Right . Next, in some countries , winter and summer have very different weather . For example in Taiwan , it rains in both winter and summer . But in colder countries , when it’s very cold in winter , it doesn’t rain, it snows .

Kirin: What is “xuě” (snow) ?

Raphael: It’s similar to raining . But what falls is white stuff . And when the weather becomes hot , the white “xuě” (snow) , will turn into water .

Kirin: As well , when it snows , many children like to go out and play with the snow .

Raphael: Hm, I too want to go play with snow , since I heard it's a lot of fun .

Kirin: It's really fun , since I've played with snow before .

Raphael: Ok, let's take a moment and review the new words we taught you today .

Kirin: Seasons , Spring , Autumn , Cool , Warm , Snow .

Raphael: If you need English translations of today's lesson , you can go to our website ChineseLearnOnline-com .

Kirin: Continue to keep at it !